WASHINGTON.

The Caterpillars and the Cotton Crop.

The Attorney General Defends the Detention of Ku Klux Prisoners.

Prosecution of Steamers for Carrying Excess of Passengers.

The Forty Savages Going the Rounds.

FUR SEAL ISLANDS OFF CAPE HORN.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 17, 1872. The Ku Klux Prisoners-Attorney General Williams' Reply to A. H. Ste-

It is understood that the Attorney General, after several weeks' consideration, has addressed a letter to Alexander H. Stephens in rep'y to his appea for the discharge of all the Ku Klux from the Albany Penitentiary. The ex-Vice President of the called "Southern" Confederacy argued at length that the conviction of the Ku Klux was illegal, as the law was not in force at the time of the alleged offences. He further urged their pardon on the ground of justice and an exercise of Executive elemency that would be in keeping with the professed friendship of the Chief Magistrate for the South. The wer of the Attorney General is courteous, but firmly denies the allegations contained in the letter of Mr. Stephens. Admitting that there are some smong the number upon whom Executive elemency would not be misplaced, he contends that its exer cise would not have any more political significance other statutes and been convicted of heinous crimes. The Attorney General fully reviews the Stephens letter, but prefers he should make it

The Cotton Crop-A Decline in the Prospect.
The following is the report of the Agricultural

Department on the condition of the cotton crop:-Department on the condition of the cotton crop:—
The September report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture indicates a decline in the cotton crop prospect during the past month in consequence of the cotton caterpillar in portions of Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana, and of drought of moderate severity in Texas, Arkausas and Tennessee.

The condition of the crop as shown by the average of returns received is as follows:—Virginia, 97; North Carolina, 101; South Carolina, 96; Georgia, 96; Florida, 92; Alabama, 38; Mississippi, 90; Louisiana, 86; Texas, 94; Arkausas, 78; Tennessee, 92.

nge of returns received is as follows:—Virginia, 97; North Carolina, 192; Alabama, 38; Mississippi, 99; Louisiana, 86; Texas, 94; Arkansas, 78; Tennessee, 92.

Thus the prospect throughout the entire cotton area, which favored a yield five per cent larger than an average product, promises at the present time about ten per cent less than an average.

The increase of acreage over last year and the unfavorable character of the season of 1871 still point to a material increase in the total crop of 1872, while the possible extension of insect ravages or the early occurrence of frost may modify the present expectation. The only counties reporting cotton in Virginia are Northampton, Southampton, King and Queen, Chesterfield, Greenville and Patrick, and in these the average of condition has declined from 191 in August to 97 in September. Returns from thirty-eight counties in North Carolina average 101 in September against 97 in August. Mecklenburg holds its August estimate of 125, and Edgecomb has advanced from 75 to 100. Twelve reports are below 100. No material loss from insects is reported. The average of condition in South Carolina has fallen from 93 in August to 50 in September. Barlington, Barnwell, Edgefield and Fairfield counties, which together produced \$0,000 bales of the crop of 1862, average 96, Darlington and Fairfield standing better than in August. Richland, reporting 100 in August, has been visited by the caterpillar, and reduces the estimate to 80. In August only twelve counties in Georgia, of sixty reporting, returned a condition of less than 100, and the general average was 104. In September it is placed at 96. The insect ravages are becoming serious in several counties, especially Lee, Twiggs, Spaulding, Schley, Baldwin and Marion. The decline during the past month in Florida has been from 96 to 92. The caterpillar appeared in Suwannec as carly as July 15, and divested of leaves whole fields before August 15. Leon, Jefferson, Madison, Gadsden and Taylor counties have also been visited. Only four cou

The Fur Scal Islands, Near Cape Horn. Mr. E. B. Elliott, Acting Chief of the Bureau of Statistics, through the Collector of the Stonington (Conn.) Eastern district, has received some furthe information in regard to the important group of Fur Seal Islands, in the vicinity of Cape Horn, of which mention has recently been made.

These islands were first discovered by a Dutch navigator, about A. D. 1600. But little was known of them until 1813, when they were accidentally rediscovered, and the same season visited by two scaling vessels—one from Buenos Ayres and the other from Stonington, Conn. During the next few seasons the business of scal

catching was prosecuted with energy by several Stonington vessels, until the supply at the points then known was nearly exhausted. From that time the islands were not visited until recently, when four New London vessels went there and found the fur seal and sea elephant in great abundance. The seasons are said to last from eight to eleven weeks, but it appears they are somewhat variable and uncertain. is considered unsafe for a vessel to engage in seal catching alone at these islands, owing to the Hability to accident. The group appears to be quite extensive. If an expedition were sent to explore it and survey the coasts, channels, &c., it is the that the business of seal catching might be greatly extended. The skins obtained there are said to be the most valuable yet found. It is expected that there will be ten or twelve American vessels there during the next season, which will commence about the 1st of December. There are two or three other small groups of islands in the vicinity, but it is not yet known whether they contain seal.

Capture of Gold Counterfelters. The following despatch was received here to-

day:—
HOLLY SPRINGS, Miss., Sept. 17, 1872.

To Hon. G. H. WILLIAMS, Attorney General:—
The Marshal and myself have just returned from an expedition after counterfeiters of gold coin. We captured David Fiynn, a notorious counterfeiter of forty years' standing, and nine accomplices, with all their dies, tools, calvanic battery, chemicals, furnace, and a quantity of the manufactured coin. G. WILEY WELLS, United States Attorney. Prosecutions Against Ocean Steamers-

Excess of Passengers. The government will commence proceedings for the enforcement of penalties under the Emigrant taw against the steamers Donau and Liberia for bringing an excess of passengers from Havre,

The Forty Savages Hold Brief Pow-The Grand River Indian delegation visited General Cowan, Assistant Secretary of the Interior and late special Commissioner to the Indiaus of the Upper Missouri, this morning for the purpose of anishing a talk which was interrupted during the journey of the delegation to this city. The conference was an informal one, and the General gave them some good advice relative to their coming Council with the Secretary of the Interior. After

the Grand River delegation left the Teton Sloux party paid General Cowan a brief visit.

wenty-Siz Inch Object Glasses for the Naval and McCormick Telescopes. The object glass for the new telescope, which is rapidly approaching completion, for the Naval Ob-servatory, was contracted for at twenty-six inches clear aperture. The entire diameter of the glass is, however, twenty-seven and one-half inches. The agreement with Mr. McCormick, of reaping-

machine fame, for the glass which he has ordered is that it be in all respects a duplicate of the one in process of construction for the Naval Observatory. The glass for the McCormick instrument is not ye cast. The largest instrument of the kind vet constructed has a clear aperture of twenty-five inches. Horn Strips on the Free List.

The Treasury Department decided to-day, on a that the horn strips used in the manufacture of corsets is the article provided for under that name free of duty under the act of June 6, 1872.

Stamp-Cancelling Machine. The commission appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury to examine stamp-cancelling machines for tobacco, snuff and distilled and fermented liquors this morning decided to hold their last meeting for the reception of devices on Tuesday next. Up to this time about a dozen devices have been received, from which the best will be selected. The commission will soon close its examination, when a report will be made to the Secretary of the

Internal Revenue Appointments. The following storekeepers of the internal revenue have been appointed:-For the Seventh district, Kentucky, John M. Pendleton, Elias Huskins and C. H. Barnet. Francis Haviland has been appointed storekeeper Second district, Pennsylvania. Death of Henry Ricily, of the Orange Free State.

A telegram received here announces the death, in Philadelphia, to-day, from cancer in the face, of Henry Rielly, Consul General for the Orange Free State of Africa in the United States of America. He was for a long time a correspondent of the Alta California and a member of the Society of California Pioneers.

Personal.

Commissioner Douglas will return here next week, but will not resume his official duties before the 1st of October. Mr. John Jay Knox, the Comptroller of the Cur-

rency, returned to this city and resumed his official Secretary Delano will return to Washington to

morrow morning. General Sherman reached his home in this city

THE POPE AND THE CATHOLIC PROTECTORY

The Mite of the Little Girls of the Catholic Protectory—His Holiness Sends a Reply in His Own Handwriting and Eulogizes Dr. Anderson-How the Pope Received the News of the Burning of the Protectory—He Sends a Silver Set of Table Furniture To Be Sold or Raffled for the Orphans' Benefit.

Cardinal Prefect Barnabo has presented to His Holiness the Pope, on behalf of 500 orphans of the Catholic Protectory of New York, a handsome gift. The little ones have remitted 514 francs in gold from their own savings for the personal benefit of the Holy Father. The remittance is accompanied by a touchingly simple note, wherein the children request the President of their institution, Dr. H. J. Anderson, to convey in his own writing

their tribute of homage to the Holy Father.
In reply the Pope expressed himself deeply their tribute of homage to the Holy Father.

In reply the Pope expressed himself deeply grateful for the admirable gift of the little orphans, and frequently exclaimed white he read their address, "Poor little things, that they too should think of the Pope!" The reply was written by himself, and from his own hand a reserfly conveying the apostolic benediction to the orphans of the Catholic Protectory, to their directresses, the Sisters of Charity; to the President and officers of the Protectory and to all in any way connected with the institution. A few days after receiving the above git His Holiness heard the news of the burning of the Catholic Protectory of New York, a translation of the account of which was read to His Holiness by the Cardinal Prefect of the Propagnada. The Pope wept while he listened, and was forcibly struck by the coincidence of the safe having occurred on the very night when the letter containing the orphans' offering was posted in New York. He expressed his joy at the safety of all the children, and frequently praised the heroism of the Sisters of Charity, who so nobly risked their own lives to save the Blessed Sacrament and the sick under their charge. He also likened their action to the miracle of St. John of God, who risked his life for twelve hours to rescue the sick and dying from a burning hospital.

He sends to each Sister his special blessing, renewing his apostolic benediction to all. Connected with the Protectory, and learning of the immense loss sustained, he consigned to Cardinal Barnabo a case consisting of six pieces, each article marked "Plo IX.," to be transmitted to America, there to be raffied for the benefit of the institution or sold at the option of the President, adding, "A noble and worthy man is Anderson." He are to be a safe with the protectory and large and worthy man is Anderson." He are to the mistraturion or sold at the option of the President, adding, "A noble

be railled for the benefit of the institution or sold at the option of the President, adding, "A noble and worthy man is Anderson"—Un gran' uomo e bravo è quell' Anderson.

The writer has been informed that the grand set of table furniture in termeit will be raffled for at \$1 a ticket, the amount collected to be given over to the Sisters in charge of the Catholic Protectory. Although several wealthy persons have signified their intention of purchasing the entire set at its regular value, Dr. Anderson thinks that the rame system will prove more profitable.

MORMONS AT CASTLE GARDEN.

Arrival of Six Hundred Latter Day Saints-The Scenes at Castle Garden-The Mormons' First Prayer on American Soil-The Departure To-Day from Jersey City for Salt Lake City-A Talk with the Mormon Agent.

Mayor Hall once very aptly remarked that Castle

Garden was the Plymouth Rock of the nineteenth century, and in truth it is. Yesterday morning some six hundred Mormons, who had just put their across the Atlantic on board the steamer Minnes were to be seen gathered together in Castle Garden. The scene was very novel and picturesque; here a little family circle-father, mother, sons and daugh

The scene was very novel and picturesque; here a little family circle—father, mother, sons and daughters—half a score or more, from the great, strapping, awkward youth of twenty, down to the wee bit bairn, upon whose flaxen head the suns of scarcely six months had shone. Everywhere was scattered promiscuously about the place knots of some two to six and eight and ten, representatives of the various countries from which the strangers have come in search of the land of promise.

THE SAINTS AT PRAYER.

Last night, about eight o'clock, the leader called the Mormon pigrims together to engage in the simple ceremonies of their religious worship. At the call old and young hastened decorously to the spot selected for their first temple, and there, under the roof which years ago echoed the topes of the sweetest voice that ever delighted human ear, an aged missionary, surrounded by his devout disciples, sent up to the Throne of Grace, in words simple, but eloquent in their simplicity, a fervid petition, craving of the Almighty peace and prosperity for the exiles from home and eternal welfare of the religious sect in whose cause he had spent the years of his long life. This was followed by the singing of a hymn, and after the missionary had pronounced the benediction the assembled saints dispersed, each to his own rude couch, there to spend his first night in the new land, to dream of the home he had left behind and to enjoy beautiful visions of a giorious future.

THER DEPARTURE.

In conversation with Mr. W. C. Staines, of Battery place, the Mormon agent in this city, he said:—The present company of 508 souls is the largest which has been received by me here since 1804, when 1,000 people arrived in one day. There are 256 Scandlinavians, twenty-five Scotch, twelve Welch, four frish, 296 English and six returning missionaries, total, 508, including Mr. G. W. Wilkins, who is in charge of the company. A special train from Jersey City leaves for Utah to-morrow (Wednesday) by the Pennsylvania Central Raiiroad, the 600 leaving C

On Sunday last Dr. Abel Wendell, a resident of Lima. Peru, for the last forty-two years, arrived in this city on board the steamship occan queen, for the benefit of his health, and took rooms at French's Hotel. A physician was called to attend him, and yesterday morning becoming suddenly worse, Dr. Wendell died soon alterwards. Coroner Keensa was notified to hold an inquest over the remains. Deceased was sixty-six years of age and a native of Farmington, Me., whither the remains will be removed to-day for interment.

MOVEMENTS OF MR. GREELEY.

The Arrangements for the Philosopher's Western Tour.

Mr. Greeley will start on his Western tour this morning, at eight o'clock, when Co'onel Ethan Allen will escort him in a coupé from No. 8 West Fortieth street to the Glenham Hotel, and thence to the Cortlandt street ferry, where they will cross to Jersey City. Here Governor Randolph and a large delegation of the Democratic State Committee of New Jersey will receive him. The train, a special one, will leave at twenty minutes to ten o'clock this morning, and will make stoppages at Elizabeth, Rahway, New Brunswick, Princeton, Trenton and Bristol, At Mantua Samuel J. Randail and Colonel A. K. McClure, of the liberal and democratic committees of Pennsylvania, will take the Philosopher in charge and accompany him through the State to Pittsburg. Members of the Ohio committees will there receive him and in like manner he will be escorted through the various States which he proposes to traverse. Two gentlemen, Messrs. Keck and Pitzgerald, deputed by the city of Cincinnati to secure his attendance at the great Exposition in that city, will accompany him all the way from New York, and representatives from all the prominent newspapers of New York and many newspapers of the East and West will be present on the tour. large delegation of the Democratic State Committee

THE CAMPAIGN IN THE CITY.

The Liberal Republican Headquarters. At the Glenham House Headquarters, Mr. J. C. Everts has taken full charge and bids fair to infuse an energy and mehthod into the sluggish member that they could never compass under the old regime. Colonel Johnson will start southward on a stump-Cotonel Johnson will start southward on a stumping tour, his services in the field being considered
more vannable than at the desk. Some of the half
dozen clerks are to be discharged, and with decreased help greater activity is already apparent.
Colonel Ethan Allen, as chairman of the committee,
will be present and active. Among the callers yesterday were Chauncey Shaffer, Thomas W. Conway,
of Louislana: T. J. Montgomery, J. L. Keck and J.
W. Fitzgerald, of Chemanati. The latter two gentlemen are a committee from Cincinnati to accompany Mr. Greeley to that city.

The Democratic Headquarters. At the Spingler House Headquarters there was a singular lack of distinguished visitors. Among those present were Major John D. Rogers, of Virginia; Edward Warren, of Baltimore, and John C. Byxton, of Connecticut, 12 3 ---

The Liberal Republican Headquarters. There was no business of moment at the Fifth Avenue Headquarters yesterday. Among the visi-tors were E. H. Rollins, of Boston; Marshall Jewell, of Connecticut; E. D. Morgan, William D. Bishop, of Connecticut; E. Delafield Smith, John E. Ryan, of Arkansas, and Alexander Heunger.

THE REFORM ASSOCIATION.

Important Conference Meeting Last Evening-Preparing the City Ticket-Andrew H. Green Repudiated as a Candidate for the Mayoralty.

Another important conference of the Reform As-

ociation was held last evening. The Conference Committee consists of five members—James W. Gerard, Jr., Chairman; Myer Stern, Oswald Ottendorfer, William F. Havemeyer, J. M. Bundy, and John Foley, Chairman of the Executive Committee. Much progress was made, and after a free exchange of views between the several committees a union of all the reformers is now assured. The German Reform Organization, of which Ottendorfer is chairman, have also appointed a Conference Committee of five, as follows:—Herman Uhl, Chairman; J. Schoenhof, Hen-Traut. All the other city associations have appointed committees for like objects, so that the be elected in November, this association having enrolled already upwards of fifty-five thousand citizens pledged to vote for honest, capable men, regardless of politics, ignoring national and State issues entirely in local affairs. Mr. Charles O'Conor, General John A. Dix, William F. Havemeyer, Peter Cooper, Robert Lenox Kennedy, George Jones, Colonel W. R. Vermilye, Henry Clews, Oswald Ottendorfer, General Sigel, Robert B. Roosevelt, R. D. Hatch, John Foley, Major Bundy and Joseph H. Choate are in daily communication and are a perfect unit upon the great event of securing an honest and satisfactory city government, insisting as they do that at least one-half of our present taxation should maintain our city government if managed with economy and ability, thus reducing taxation some twenty millions annually. The most prominent candidates for the Mayoralty are William F. Havemeyer, Robert Lenox Kennedy, Oswald Ottendorfer and Alexander T. Stewart.

The reformers have repudiated Andrew H. Green and the leaders assert that he must be removed.

The various delegations came very near agreeing upon a ticket last evening hit deferred nomine. enrolled already upwards of fifty-five thousand The reformers have repudiated Andrew H. Green and the leaders assert that he must be removed.

The various delegations came very near agreeing upon a ticket last evening, but deferred nominations until to-day, when another conference will occur. Considerable interest is taken by candidates to secure the reform nomination for judges, as the association is said to be sustained by 55,000 voters enrolled already. For Supreme Court Judgeship Judge Leonard is a candidate, while the republicans claim the nomination for Randolph W. Townsend, brother of Martin J. Townsend, of Troy. Henry Morrison or James W. Gerard, Jr., will no doubt be nominated for the Superior Court.

For City Judgeship—the most important judical office in the county—Gunning S. Bedford, the present able incumbent, will no doubt receive the nomination. He is, perhaps, the most popular Judge in the State, and a terror to evil doers. Ex-Judge Sutherland has many friends, and while he would make a good civil Judge he could not be expected to administer the criminal Court without more practical experience, all of which Judgo Bedford has long since acquired. The "Bar" Association favor Judge Sutherland, because of his honesty and ability while upon the bench of the Supreme Court, but as a reformer Judge Bedford stands well. Henry L. Clinton, John McKeon, A. R. Lawrence and some ten or a dozen leading members of the Bar are prominent candidates, and as there is to be but one vacancy some will have to await another chance. Nothing definite as to Coroners or the Aldermanic nominations is yet settled. The higher offices will be first provided for.

THE APOLLO HALL DEMOCRACY.

Meeting Last Night-The Hall Filled and Hundreds Outside-An Expected Row, which Did Not Take Place-Organizing for the Campaign.

A lively time was expected at Apollo Hall last night. A meeting had been called, to consist of three delegates from each Assembly district in the city. As commotion had been caused at previous meetings by parties not connected with, and someracy, the utmost precaution had been taken that none should be admitted last night except those in unison with the party. This was considered the more necessary because many considered that an attempt duce the subject of the break-off on Monday evening in the Fifth ward of Judge Hogan's friends in favor of Francis Kernan. The admission last night

was by ticket.

Apoilo Hall was filled last night, and not less than a thousand persons congregated outside, eagerly endeavoring to gain admission, and failing in doing so, remained to hear the first news of what transpired within. Among those in the hall were Senator O'Brien. Henry L. Clinton, Coroner Flynn, Daniel R. Lyddy, Judge Spalding, D. M. Porter, Judge Fowler, Alexander van Schaick, David M. Kochler, John H. Harnett, S. H. Randolph, John A. Foley, William C. Whitney, Alderman Radde, C. R. Sykes, Colonel Thomas L. Snead, Roswell D. Hatch, Levi S. Gray and Marcus Otterburgh.

ALEXANDER B. DAVIDSON, the secretary, called the meeting to order. He said the chairman of the organization having resigned the first business would be to select a temporary chairman. It was proposed and carried that Judge Spalding, chairman of the executive committee, be chosen chairman of the executive committee, be chosen chairman of the meeting. He was received with cheers. It was moved and carried that the reading of the roll be dispensed with.

After the reading of the minutes of the previous meeting Judge Spalding said—Gentlemen, you are called together to perfect the organization. The municipal authorities having, since we last met, re-districted the city, it has been thought desirable, before fully entering on the work of the Campaign, to have on the committee a full representation.

re-districted the city, it has been thought desirable, before fully entering on the work of the Campaign, to have on the committee a full representation from every election district. You will also be called on to select rooms as a new headquarters for the organization.

Roswell D. Haron moved that a committee or seven be appointed to fill up the vacancies caused by the redistricting of the city.

The following committee was named and the announcement received with cheers:—Roswell D. Hatch, Henry Murray, Judge Bixby, John Moore, Samuel Lewis, Nicholas Horion and Peter Mitchell. HENRY L. CLINTON made a brief speech, in which he congratulated the organization on its present prosperous condition. It was, he said, begun to overthrow the most corrupt power that ever existed—Tammany Hall—whose downfall had been effected by the determined energy of the reform democracy. Last year, said the speaker, we elected almost our whole ticket by 20,000 majority. This year, if we put suitable candidates in the field, and none others will be put forward, we shall throw into the shade the majority of last election. It is desirable in order to work effectually that we have suitable rooms; therefore, I move that the resolution to an-

adopted.

Senator O'BRIEN announced that for the present the committee had obtained rooms in Apollo Hall, and would be in attendance every evening to hear reports from the various election districts.

The foregoing business had been put through with remarkable celerity. The audience were on the qui vice for something of a more lively nature touching what some of the audience called the defection in the Fifth ward "ranche." Suddenly, however, a voice called, "I move we adjourn." Another voice seconded; put and carried, and adjourn they did.

PEOPLE'S MUNICIPAL ASSOCIATION.

A meeting of the People's Municipal Association was held last evening at their rooms, 907 Broadway, George A. Halsey presiding. At a previous meeting it had been resolved to nominate a caudidate for Mayor at the meeting last evening, but on the recommendation of the Committee of Confer-ence, this action was postponed until Monday evenence, this action was postponed until Monday evening next, when a reform mass meeting, including all the reform associations in the city, will be held in Cooper Institute. The Committee of Conference had been conferring with the Executive Committee of the Council of Political Reform and with the Executive Committee of the Workingmen's Union, both of which bodies had promised their best support to the reform movement in the campaign, Remarks on the subject o. reform and the work the reformers had already accomplished in the city were made by Mr. Haverstock and Mr. Halsey. It was stated that the People's Municipal Association will likely be conceded the honor of nominating the reform candidate for the Mayoralty.

KINGS COUNTY DEMOCRATIC GENERAL COM-

A Breeze Among the Members. The Kings County Democratic General Committee met last night at their rooms at the corner of Court

and Remsen streets, Mr. Rowe presiding. Judge Voornies, the chairman of the Committee on Contested Seats, submitted his report in regard to the dissatisfaction which existed in three or four of the wards.

Mr. Perr insisted that he saw the ballot boxes stuffed in the Second ward, and that the honest voters of the ward would not be satisfied unless another election was held.

Mr. Hugh McLaughlin moved that a primary election be held in the ward on Tuesday evening. This was carried.

The principal trouble appeared to be in the Seventh ward, and in the attempt of the committee

Seventh ward, and in the attempt of the committee to bring order out of choas it was shown that the greatest harmony did not prevail in the central body. The trouble was occasioned by Judge Riley holding the registration in a place not designated by the committee, and then protesting against the action of his colleagues, who had elected ex-Supervisor Bloomer as Chairman of the Ward Association.

Mr. Carnoll, a member of the Poord of Education, and Register Hugh McLaughlin had some sharp words over the matter. While Mr. Carroll was giving his views in regard to the action of the parties in the Seventh ward Mr. McLaughlin put several pertinent questions to him, when he said it was evident that his remarks did not su t Mr. McLaughlin, and he would therefore waive the floor. He was then hissed by some of the members and some spectators at the end of the room. He told them they might hiss as much as they pleased; so far as he was concerned he was perfectly independent of either them or Mr. McLaughlin.

Mr. McLaughlin said that Mr. Carroll might endeavor to be a gentleman—might wear the garb of a gentleman—but that did not make him one.

As the remarks were becoming slightly personal the Chairman called the gentlemen to order.

a genticinan—but that did not make him one.

As the remarks were becoming slightly personal the Chairman called the gentlemen to order. Finally the matter was referred back to the ward and a new election will be held.

Mr. MCLAUGHLIN then offered his resignation as meeters of the state of t

a member of the committee, saying that he had been a member for twenty years and had never been insulted on the floor before, Mr. Carroll said that he did not mean to insult him and apologized.

The resignation was then laid on the table.

THE CREDIT MORILIER.

Oakes Ames' Denial of the Reports Recently Published Concerning His Connection with This Affair.

BOSTON, Sept. 17, 1872 The Boston Surnal of to-morrow will contain an address from the Hon. Oakes Ames to his constituents, in which he gives an unqualified denial to the statements to the New York Sun to the effect that he gave stock to members of Congress to induce favorable legislation. He states that these charges were made several years ago, and answered under oath at the time by himself and other gentlemen of the highest respensibility and character that there was no truth in the charges; that the list of names given as the recipients of stock upon the back of his letter were not written or inraislated by him, and that the statement that he had given or shown such a list of names is unqualifiedly false.

ARRIVAL OF THE ENGLISH CRICKETERS.

They Carry Everything Before Them in Canada-The Match To-Day at Hoboken with the St. George's Ciub-Names the Players-Their Prospective Movements, &c .- Grace's Wonderful

magnificent play has been causing such enthu-siasm in Canada, arrived from Albany by the day boat and at once proceeded to the Brevoort House, in Flith avenue. After dinner they were called upon by Mr. Sparkes, the agent of the White Star line of steamers, who invited them to break-isst with him at the Travellers' Club this morning, which invitation they accepted. The following are the names of the party inscribed on the hotel register:—R. A. Fitzgerald, Captain of the Eleven; Grace, C. J. Ottway, C. K. Francis, E. Lubbock, A. Lubbock, A. Appleby, F. Pickering, W. H. Hadow, - Farrands, umpire; Colonel Maude, C. B.; C. Hanly. Mr. Hadow has been somewhat unfortunate in this country. On his arrival in this country he fell into the St. Lawrence, and more recently, in travelling between London and Ontario, had a large piece of gravel enter his eye, which caused great pain and obliged him to wear spectacles. The players are all handsome, well-built young fellows, and have carried every-tking before them with the greatest ease in the cricket world. In conversation with Mr. R. A. Fitzgeraid, the Captain of the Eleven, and who is also Secrosary of the famous Marylebone Club, of London, he gave the following data as to the Eleven's triumphs since their arrival in Canada on the 18th August:—

the 18th August:

1. Eleven vs. Twenty-two, of Montreal—Eleven, first inning, 265. Twenty-two, 48 and 67. Total, 115.

2. Eleven vs. Twenty-two, 62 and 69. Total, 915.

3. Eleven vs. Twenty-two, 67 ortal 91.

3. Eleven vs. Twenty-two, 67 and 19. Total, 915.

4. Eleven vs. Twenty-two, 97 and 118. Total, 215.

4. Eleven vs. Twenty-two, 97 and 118. Total, 255. Twenty-two, 97 and 118. Total, 255. Twenty-two, 97 and 118. Total, 256. Twenty-two, 97 and 98. Total, 110.

5. Eleven vs. Twenty-two, 68. Total, 110.

5. Eleven vs. Twenty-two, 69. Hamilton—Eleven, first inning, 191. Twenty-two, first inning, 99; second inning, 69. Total, 164.

Grane The Montrell Plant Pl

mning 181. Twenty-two, first linning, 89; second finning, 65. Total, 154.

Grace, the wonderful batsman, has made the highest scores ever recorded in cricket in this country and Europe. In the first match in Canada he scored 81, in the second 71 and in the third 142! Among his European scores he is credited with 268, 217, 189, 181, 162, 146; likewise A. N. Hornby with 170, 134; A. Lubbock, 219; W. H. Hadow, 317 and 109; Hon, G. Harris, 107, 106; E. Lubbock, 103; C. J. Ottway, 125; R. A. Fitzgerald, A. Appleby, W. M. Rose, C. K. Francis and F. Pickering have all made large scores in their time, but have not entered the hundreds. Undoubtedly the great strength of the eleven is in their batting, but their fielding is also superb. Among the bowiers are W. G. Grace, underhand with great twist; A. Appleby fast left hand. Mr. C. Hanly is spare man. The St. George's will probably have the best leather hunting day they ever had since the club was a club when the innings of the Eleven commence.

bly have the best leather hunting day they ever had since the club was a club when the innings of the Eleven commence.

THE ELEVEN'S MOVEMENTS.

Next week the Eleven will play the Philadelphians. Mr. Fitzgerald says that they have great interest to meet them, as the Philadelphia Club has written a book on the subject. After Philadelphia they return to this city, where they will rest for a few days, and then proceed to Boston, where a one day's match will probably take place, and thence they will proceed to Quebec, where they embark for England on the 28th inst. Their umpire, Farrands, a professional cricketer, has brought a number of bats to sell in this country.

THE 8T. GEORGE'S CLUB.

The following twenty-two have been chosen to play by the St. George's Club against the distinguished elevent-Beitée, Bowman, Cax, Fortun, Gibbs, Jones, McDougal, Stabbarfield, Toffanice, Moeran, Cashinan, Brewster, G. Wright, H. Wright, of the Boston Base Ball Club: Lemon, Kieler, Sielgh, Eyrc, Talbot, J. Hatheld, of the Mutual nine; Jackson and J. H. Sparkes. The ground has been levelled, mowed and rolled, and is in excelent condition, though, perhaps, a trine dead, from the late rains and the marshy nature of the soit. The ground where the match will take place is at the west end of Ninth street, Hoboken. The accommodation for the players and the guests, both iadies and gentiemen, is all that could be desired. Play will commence at eleven o'clock sharp, diner a quarter-past one te two, and wickets will be drawn at half-past five.

The General Convention of the Universalist Church met in Cincinnati yesterday. Mr. Moses Humphrey, of New Hampshire, was elected Chairman, and Mr. R. C. Blakely, of Minnesota, Vice President. The only business transacted was the appointment of committees.

VACHTING

Match Between the Maude and Davids-

The Maude the Winner.
The first of the two matches between the sloops Maude and Walter F. Davids was sailed yesterday off New Rochelle and won by the former, after an uninteresting drift, which occupied the greater part of the afternoon. The match race between the Maude and Davids, sailed about a month ago, was decided by the judges in favor of the former, and as the decision gave some dissatisfaction the friends of the Davids were not convinced of the superiority of the Maude over their favorite. Mr. Kissam then made a match with Mr. Ira Smith, the captain of

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS A SIDE on each event, and they drew up the following

agreement to govern the match:—

SEPTEMBR 12, 1872.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to sail two races between the sloop yachts Maude and Walter F. Davids, for the sum of \$1,000 a side each race, making the stakes \$2,000 on each race. The first race to be sailed on Tuesday, the 17th day of September, 1872, and the second race to be sailed on Monday, september 23, 1872. Bosts to start between the hours of twelve and one o'clock on each sailing day. The boats to sail ten miles to windward and return. The first race to start from New Rochelle harbor, and the second race to start from Echo Bay harbor. To sail jib and mainsail only, Jib not to be brought inboard or not to be made a squaresail of. The usual time of two minutes to the foot allowance to be given. The live ballast to be brought back, except in case of men thrown out or lost out, the same to be picked up by the boat they fall from. Each boat to have the privilege of discharging the sandbags or dead weight. After the start no booming out of ballast.

Yesterday morning the William Fletcher, which

Yesterday morning the William Fletcher, which had been chartered to carry the Davids party, arrived from the city and made fast alongside the Neptune House dock about ten o'clock. The tugboat Schultz, with the friends of the Maude, chiefly hailing from Penny Bridge and Harlem, arrived about half-past eleven, and shortly after-

arrived about half-past eleven, and shortly afterwards the two contestants also put in an appearance. Chin music then began, and after the two judges, Messrs. Frank Walsh and Stephen Van Nostrand, had been named, the boys had a lively time selecting a referee. The smart work at the previous race had livened up the Davids party, and they were evidently determined that if they were beaten this time it would be on their merits. After waiting about three-quarters of an hour, without arriving at any decision, they SPUN A COIN, and Mr. Walsh winning the call, named Mr. Lawrence D. Huntington referce. The judge and referce then went to work on a chart, and decided that as the wind was about northeast, they would sail round the spar buoy on Glover's Reef and return. The next business in hand was measuring the boats, and that was finally effected, making the Davids four and a half inches shorter than the Maude, showing that the measure in the last race beat the Davids out of an inch and a half, as they only made her three inches smaller than the Maude. The steamers now got under way and proceeded to the

form where they were to start. Ira Smith, the cap-tain of the Maude, then boarded the Fletcher and tried to get the judges to change the course to round Matimicock Buoy, but as the course nad aircady been laid out, the judges declined making any aiteration, and turned a deaf ear to the per-suasive eloquence of some of the Maude's backers, who were evidently airaid Ira Smith could not do his own talking. his own talking.

Everything was at last settled, and the two yachts were started from the Fletcher at 2:20. The boats are owned and were commanded as fol-

Name. Owner. Coptota.
Maude Mr. Morris. Ira Smith.
W. F. Davids. Mr. Kissam Jim Starkins

Mande Mr. Morris Jra Smith.
W. F. Davids Mr. Kissam Jim Starkins.
The Sound was as smooth as a duck pond, and there was barely sufficient wind to give the yacits steerageway. The tide was running ebb, which helped them along a little. There was not very much betting, as offers of \$100 to \$75 on the Maude went begging. Both yachts went off on the starboard tack, the Maude getting away first. The Davids soon afterwards tacked, evidently determined to take an outside course, while the Maude beat along the shore. It was a WRETCHED DAY for yachting, and after the boats had been out about two hours and a half they had succeeded in dritting about five miles, the Maude, however, gradually slipping ahead. At this stage of the proceedings it did not appear probable that either boat would make the race within the required six hours, and bets were freely offered to that effect. The Maude, however, caught a light air, and was soon slipping along through the water, and was three miles anead before the Davids felt it. Just about this time one of the passengers on board the Fletcher thought he would make some fun for the boys, and

PELL OVERBOARD.

There was a good deal of shouting and yelling, but

There was a good deal of shouting and yelling, but the victim presently came to the surface and swam alongside the Schultz, which he boarded. The yachts rounded the spar buoy on Glover's Reef as follows:—

H. M. S. Davids Maude..... Going home the yachts slipped along pretty fast, with a beam wind, and although the Davids made the best work with sheets lifted, she could not close the gap, and the Maude finally won the race. The yachts arrived as follows:—

Which gave the race to the former by seventeen minutes. The steamers then proceeded to the dock to land their passengers, and, while alongside, one of the Schultz party, determined not to be outdone by a Fietcher man, fell overboard and, after a which caused the fire. The steamer was done by a rictiner man, lell overboard and, after a fair amount of shouting and yelling, was fished out by the scruff of the neck and landed on board, looking something akin to a drowned rat. The Fletcher and Schultz then started for the city, where they arrived about ten P. M.

Yachting Note. Yacht Fleetwing, N.Y.Y.C., Mr. Osgood, is lving

opposite the Herald telegraph station at White-

AQUATIC.

Ellis Ward vs. John Rigita.

Should nothing occur to prevent, the great scullnoted representatives of two renowned rowing families—for \$1,000, will be decided at Nyack, on No like match in years has excited the conversation in aquatic circles, despite the fact of other important matters on hand and worthy of speculation, being confined to this event. Very many of the fraternity who usually make up their minds quickly in such events have been puzzled and are now halting between two opinions regarding the result of this contest, acknowledging that if the water is smooth and the men get into their boats in good form the race will be one of the prettiest, closest and fastest ever pulled in this country. Within a week or so the admirers of Biglin, because of his good health, have taken courage and are willing to bet even on the result of the meeting; but odds, though trifling ones, can yet be obtained upon Ward in some quarters. It must be added, however, that the partisans of Ellis are the most confident and think that he will carry off the honors of the day.

The principals have continued steadily at work for the past fortnight or longer, Ward at Sing Sing, with his older brother, Charles, near the steamboat landing, and Biglin on Newtown Creek. Both are rowing magnificently, and whatever the result of

rowing magnificently, and whatever the result of the day's meeting, their friends may rest assured that each will give an account of himself of which he will not be ashamed. The final deposit—\$400 a side—was staked in good season, and on the 1sth inst. the total amount was handed over to Dr. Withers, who was chosen final stakeholder when the match was made.

Withers, who was chosen final stakeholder when the match was made.

Several steamboats will leave Naw York, Brooklyn and places in this vicinity, colveying to the scene the multitude of sightseers who are anxious to witness the result of the great match. Among these are the F. C. Schultz, which will leave Franklin street, North River, at half-past nine A. M.; Cedar street. North River, at a quarter-past ten; Christopher street at a quarter to eleven and Thirty-fourth street, North River, at eleven o'clock; and the Neversink, Wyoming, Virginia Seymour, Fort Lee and others, making similar stopping places. Boats will also leave from Newburg, Albany, Foughkeepsie and other places on the Hudson, and from present appearances there will be vastly more people to witness the race than there has been on that river since the memorable meeting at Newburg between Jimmy Hammill and the lamented Walter Brown.

Sloux and Cheyennes Murdering and Plundering in Colorado. DENVER, Col., Sept. 17, 1872. On Saturday last about four hundred Sioux and

On Saturday last about four hundred Sioux and Cheyennes attacked a ranch seventy miles northeast of Trinidad, Col., and murdered the family of the proprietor, who escaped to Fort Lyon. Troops were started immediately in pursuit of the savages. On the same day another large bund attacked the stock ranch of Jones Bros., and at last accounts had surrounded the party in charge of the herds. The latter were fighting as best they could. Troops were gone to their relief.

THE BROAD STREET DEFALCATION.

At a late hour yesterday Robert R. Butler, the alleged defaulting member of the firm of Clark & Co., had not secured the \$75,000 ball required in the civil suit instituted by Mr. Clark. A deputy sherif yesterday accompanied him in search of se-curities, and it was expected that he would secure them at a late hour last even?

CRIME IN NEW JERSEY.

Homicides in Elizabeth and Newark.

Fatal Result of a Political Quarrel-Fagan's Frightful Folly-Charley Coyle's Case in the Hands of the Newark Coroner.

Elizabeth and Newark, sister cities of New Jersey, have occasion for mutual commiseration in that the peace of their respective communities has been disturbed by bloody deeds-the violent destruction of two lives. In yesterday's HERALD the main facts were reported of a desperate affray which took place in Elizabeth; between John Fagan, Edward Connolly, Channey Clum. Peter McGurgan and a few others. The party, as before stated, were drinking in a saloon cept by one Thomas Lane, early on Sunday morning. Fagan raised his glass, as stated, and proposed the health of General Grant. McGurgan proposed Homce Greeley's, and the result was a row. The saloon keeper interfered and put the crowd out. On the sidewalk the fight was renewed, and McGurgan, who was considerably innewed, and McGurgan, who was considerably influenced by liquor, knocked Fagan down. Them
the latter pulled out a pistol and fired
at all hands. Connolly was shot in
the thigh and Clum in the groin. The
latter walked home, but never left again
alive. He lingered until yesterday morning about
half-past eight o'clock, when he died. He was perfectly conscious up to the last, and received
Christian consolation from Rev. Mr. Parkman, rector of Christ Church. He leaves a wife and several
children.

children.

THE CORONER'S INQUEST

was to have been held yesterday afternoon, but at the request of deceased's friends it was postponed till to-day. Fagan is confined in the jail. When informed of Clum's death he seemed deeply and dreadfully alarmed at the position he was in. He declined making any statements about the affray, being so advised by his counsel. His person bears marks of a fierce tussle, and it is probable that the plea he will put in is that the shooting was done in self-defence. McGurgan and he were rival aspirants for the foremanship of a company. Fagan is a serment and not a commissioned officer in the militia.

Coroner Vreeland continued the inquest yester day in Newark in the case of the man Charles Coyle, whose body was found in the canal on Saturday with cuts and bruises, strongly sustaining the impression that he had been foully dealt with. The evilence adduced yesterday seems to confirm this view of the case. After several unimportant witnesses had been examined James Welch was called. nesses had been examined James Welch was called. He is a watchman employed at Howell's leather factory, and admitted that he had had a difficulty with some parties on Saturday night; he was armed with a club, and used it freely, but not, he stated, on the person of Coyle. Nobody was hurt, he thought. Catharine Devine, of 87 Hoyt street, heard a disturbance and recognized one of the voices as being that of Coyle. The man she supposed to be Coyle complained of having been struck by somebody whom he wanted to have arrested. Emma Ryerson heard a row between two and three o'clock on Sunday morning and a man cried "Oh!" several times, as in distress. Suddenly the cry was hushed. John McKenna heard a disturbance. One Desmond, a young man, ran over Howell's foot bridge and cried, "Come, fellows, a chap over there has hit Charley Coyle with a club." Desmond identified Welch as the one who used the club.

A HIGHWAY ROBBERY DEVELOPED.

Mr. John Ward, a witness called, stated that while on his way home Saturday night, about halfpast seven o'clock, he was waylaid and robbed of \$5 by a gang of young rufflans, corner of Warren and Norfolk streets. He was badly beaten by the same young bullies. Later in the evening the witness visited a saloon, where he saw Coyle in company with James Brady, Patrick Farley and Thomas Clemens, three young scoundrels now in jail, charged with waylaying a Mr. Tuttle. George Kass, a policeman, swore to having been told that a man was Clubs of the could fine no evidence of such an occurrence. A number of other witnesses were called. Their testimony was simply a repetition of what has already been stated. Between six and seven o'clock the inquest was adjourned till to-day. The three young roughs in jail are to be called and asked what they know of the affair. It is probable that Coyle was first beaten to death and then flung into the canal. He is a watchman employed at Howell's leather

THE DEAN RICHMOND.

The Origin of the Fire—She Left Albany at the Usual Hour Last Night—"The Accident of No Consequence."

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 17, 1872. The steamboat Dean Richmond at seven o'clock this morning was within three miles of Albany. The latest reports do not confirm the rumor of a loss of life.

An attaché of the steamboat Chrystenah says the accident was caused by the carelessness of a porter. He entered the oil room to fill and light a which caused the fire. The steamer was headed for Husted's dock, at Roy Hook. A canal boat lay at the dock on which were a man and woman, but they received warning in time and got ashore. The Dean Richmond ran her guards on the canal boat and in a few minutes the latter sunk. The passer gers of the Dean Richmond were taken off by the vessel was towed into deep water by tugboats. By this time the fire was extinguished, and she passed on up the river. Nobody was seriously hurt, nor

is any one missing. Her Departure from Albany.

ALBANY, Sept. 17, 1872.
The steamer Dean Richmond left her dock this evening at the usual hour, the accident of last night being of no consequence.

NEW YORK STEAM VESSEL OWNERS.

Convention-The Various States Represented-The Draft of a New Law to be Prepared-A Meeting at Which \$20,000,000 of Capital Was Repre-

sented. In pursuance of a call of the New York Steam Vessel Owners' Association a large meeting took place vesterday afternoon at the Board of Underwriters' offices, at 51 Wall street, Mr. La Murray Ferris in the chair, in the absence of Mr. C. H. Delamater. Among the principal lines represented were the New York and Charleston Steamship Company, New England and Nova Scotia Steamship Company, Mallory lines, Wilmington line, Narragansett Steamship Wilmington line,

aggregate capital of some litteen to twenty million dollars.

The Secretarry, Captain B. S. Osbon, after the meeting had been called to order, read the names of the delegates who were going to Cleveland, Ohlo, next Monday to assist in the Steam Vessel owners' Association of the United States, and at which it is expected over three hundred delegates will be present. The following is the list elected at New York:—

Maine—Captain J. B. Coyle, Henry Fox, Captain C. B Sandford.

Vermont—L. J. N. Stark.

Massachiasetts—David Wheton, F. W. Mackensen.

Rhode Island—B. Buffun, Z. Williams.

Connecticut—George Reynolds, Frederick Peck, A. F. Smith.

Smith, C. W. Copeland, H. R. Morgan, D. D. Smith, B. S.

New Jersey—Captain Anning Smith, A. Frazee Pennsylvania—W. L. James, Bertram Snyder. Pennsylvania-W. L. James, Bertram Delaware-S. Churchman. Maryland-E. F. Folgar, Captain W. C. Smith. It is believed that the Convention will prepare the draft of a law which shall be at the same time just to the steamboat men and secure immunity from danger.

A DISHONEST BOOKKEEPER.

James G. Douglass, a bookkeeper in the employ of John W. Vandewater, of 63 Ann street, was before Judge Dowling, at the Tombs Police taken before Judge Dowling, at the Tombs Police Court resterday, on a charge of having embezzled \$130 from his employer on or about the 12th inst. Mr. Vandewater charges that he sent Dozz'es to collect the above amount from Mr. Hosmer B. Parsons, cashier of Wells, Fargo & Co. ** Express Company, and that after making the collection he failed to make a return of the same but appropriated it to his own use. He was held to answer in default of \$2,000 bail.

The Merchant Appraiser, R. H. Whitney, the refered appointed by the government in the case of Messrs. Goodsell, Budillon & Co., Boston, for under valuation of gloves yesterday morning rendered his decision. The decision austains the invoices of Goodsell, Budillon & Co., and, fully exonerates them from any undervaluation or fraudin actor intent.